

DECEMBER 2019 – UBC TEACHER CANDIDATE CONFERENCE

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Why are we here today?



To open dialogue with your future school colleagues on ways to support our English Language Learners



To learn background information about language acquisition



To learn some strategies to support ELL students in all classroom settings



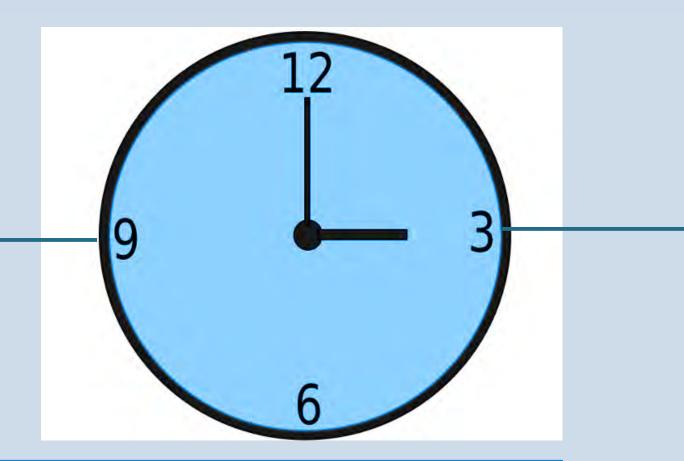
To practice some of these strategies here today

Clock Buddies

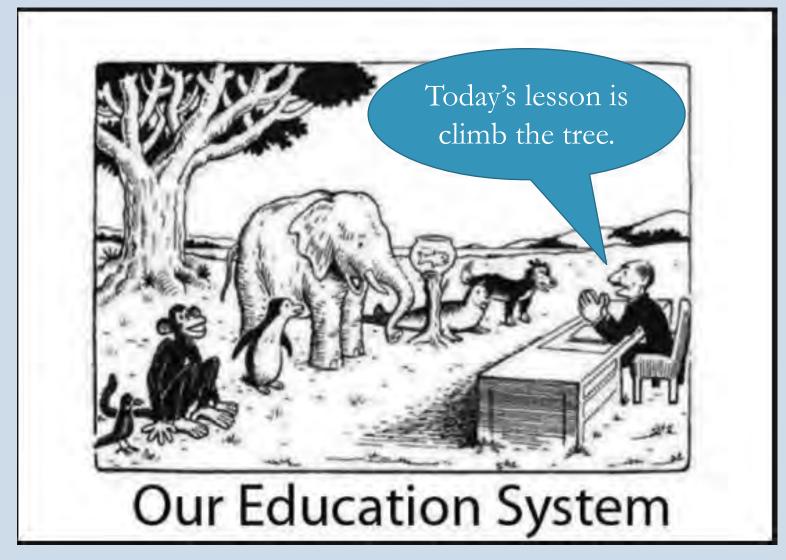
Using the handout, find **TWO** people to fill in:

3 o' clock

9 o'clock slots.



What language structures did you find that you used?



How does this cartoon speak to you?

Metro Vancouver

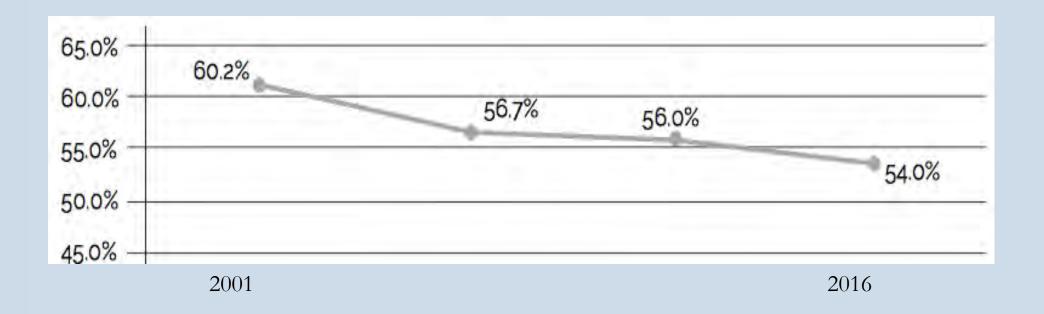
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Recent Immigrants	142,535	100.0%
Non-Official Languages	88,570	621%
Mandarin	26.905	18.9%
Punjabi (Panjabi)	12.940	91%
Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino)	7.790	55%
Persian (Farsi)	7,055	4.9%
Cantonese	6,095	4.3%
Other Non-Official Languages	27.785	19.4%

TOP 5 NON-OFFICIAL LANGUAGES

2001-2016 - Populations with English Only – Metro Vancouver



https://newtobc.ca

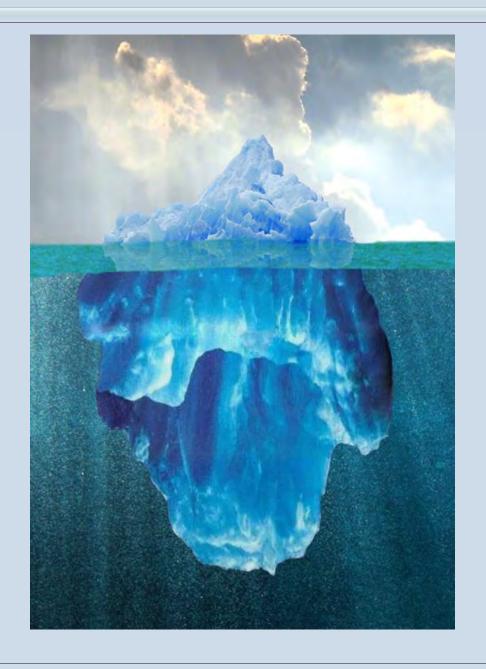


Russian Revelation Русское Откровение

- 1. How many **people** are in this story?
- 2. How many men?
- 3. How many women?

NOW...WHAT DO WE NEED TO KNOW TO DO THIS WORK?

How is an ELL student's language development like this picture?

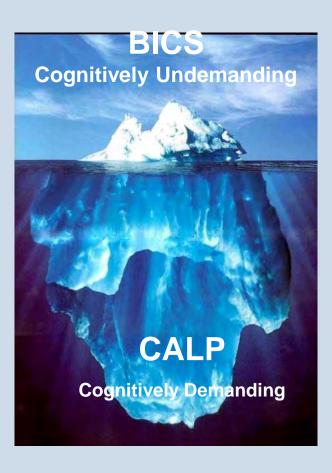


They can have both social and academic language

- Face to face conversation
- Following simple directions

Context-Embedded (hands-on, visual cues)

- Demonstration
- Lab experiment
- Video Lesson

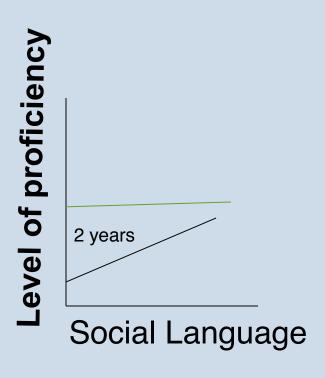


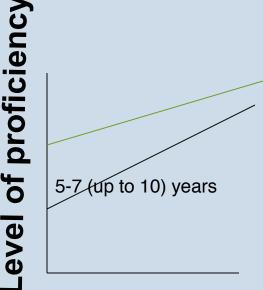
- Phone conversations
- Copying notes
- Written Directions

Context-Reduced (very few contextual cues)

- Writing essay
- New and abstract concepts
- Lecture without visuals

Time Required to Achieve Age-Appropriate Proficiency





Academic Language

Cummins, J. (1991)

Collier, V.P. (1995)



Something to think about... 'I'm better than just colouring!"

Kanta's Perspective:

"When I came here in grade 4 the teachers didn't know what I was capable of."

"I was given a pack of crayons and a colouring book and told to get on colouring with it. And after I felt so bad about that--I'm capable of doing much more than just that. I have my own inner skills to show the world than just coloring and I felt that those skills of mine are important also..."

Effective Instruction for Multilingual Learners:
What Can We Learn from Inspirational Practice?

Jim Cummins--- The University of Toronto

- 1. Find your 9:00 o'clock buddy.
- 2. Think back to any past experience where you had to learn another language.
- 3. Share your story.
 - I remember when I
 - When I was



What did we do to make this activity work well?



Important lessons for Multilingual learners – by Jim Cummins

What's Happening Instructionally in classrooms of Multilingual Pedagogy?

Teachers are:

- Connecting curriculum to students' lives;
- Scaffolding access to the curriculum and comprehension of academic language;
- Expanding students' knowledge of academic language;
- Promoting L2/English oral language use;
- Affirming student identities;
- Acknowledging students' multilingual talents;
- Promoting parental involvement and pride in students' accomplishments.

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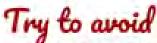
Keep the learning rigour high!



- Expecting ELs to engage in the same kind of critical thinking as others
- Teaching grade-level standards
- Teaching discipline-specific topics
- Teaching content-specific words, sentences, & writing genres

3 Steps to Supporting Rigorous Work

- 1. Identify the thinking required,
- Identify what ELs can do
- Create can-do opportunities



- Having ELs do copy work
- Having ELs learn different content standards than others
- Assigning work without scaffolding
- Providing instruction without differentiating the process, product, or content

@TanELLclassroom

Scaffolding ---

Enables you to reach places that would otherwise be inaccessible

ELLs can carry out tasks and perform academically at a higher level than they would be capable of without these supports.

- Graphic organizers
- Visuals in texts
- Demonstrations
- Hands-on experiences
- Collaborative group work
- Encouraging L1 use (e.g., writing) as a means of transferring knowledge and skills from L1 to L2
- Learning strategies (planning tasks, visualization, note taking/summarizing, questioning for clarification)
- Language clarification (explanation, dictionary use, etc.)



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Uri's Story

Newcomer Student Tells Us What is Most Helpful.

Uri began learning English this school year. (8 months ago)

bit.ly/SalvaBlog





- show a video or visuals on topic
- preview vocabulary & text features
- read aloud
- allow peer reading
- provide opportunities to stop & discuss

Writing |

- provide a word bank
- provide sentence starters
- provide cloze sentences
- allow peer or group writing
- allow some first language use

Listening

- use concise, simple language
- repeat key information
- allow peer discussion
- allow breaks for students to summarize what's been said

Speaking A

- provide sentence stems
- allow for rehearsal with a peer before whole group share
- use a strategy to get all students talking
- allow students to repeat or build on previous contributions

Quiet Write – 1,2,3 Strategy

One BIG Idea

Two questions or wonderings

Three things you want to implement in your teaching practice



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